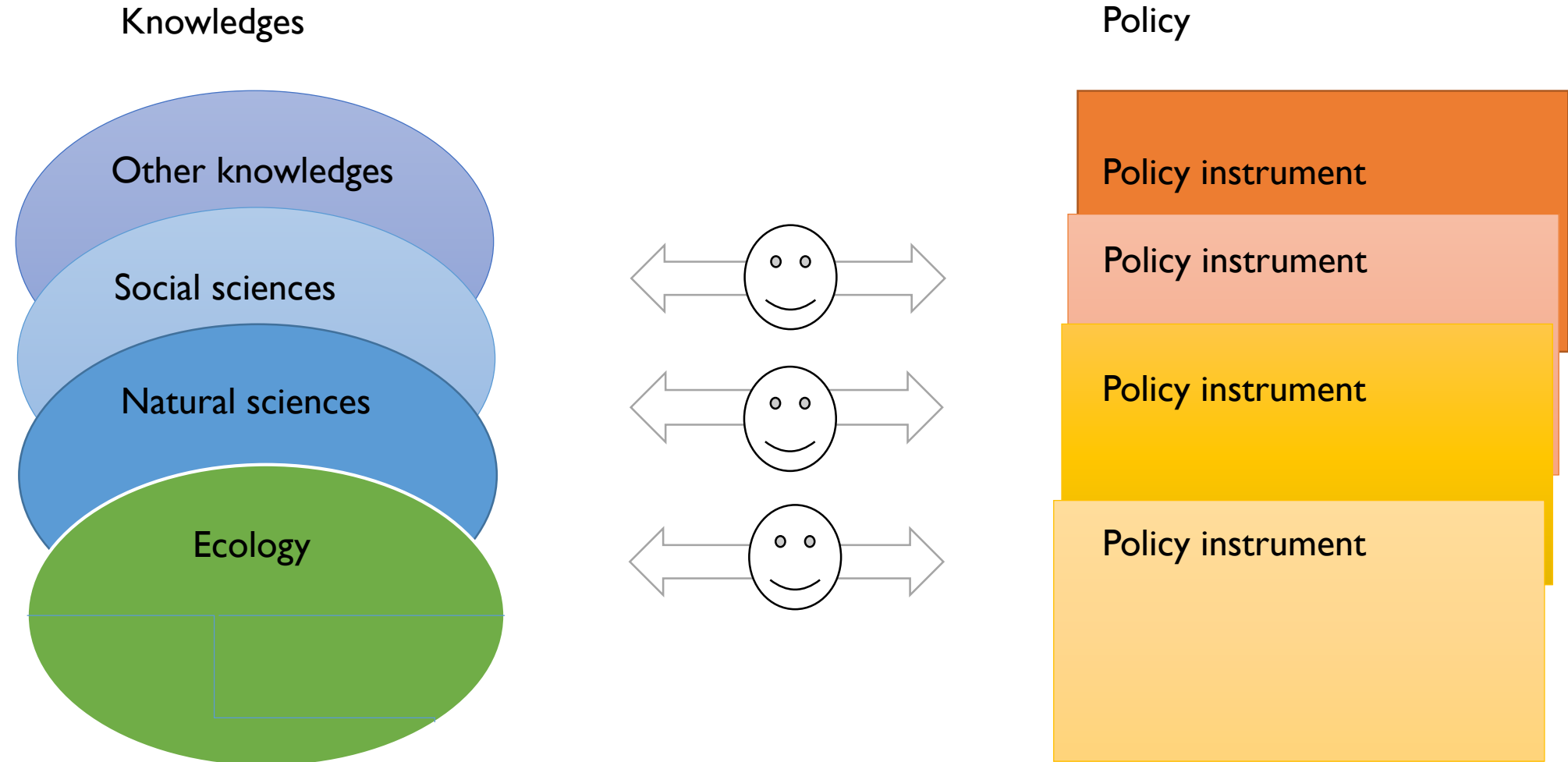


Increasing the effectiveness of nature conservation through science-policy interaction

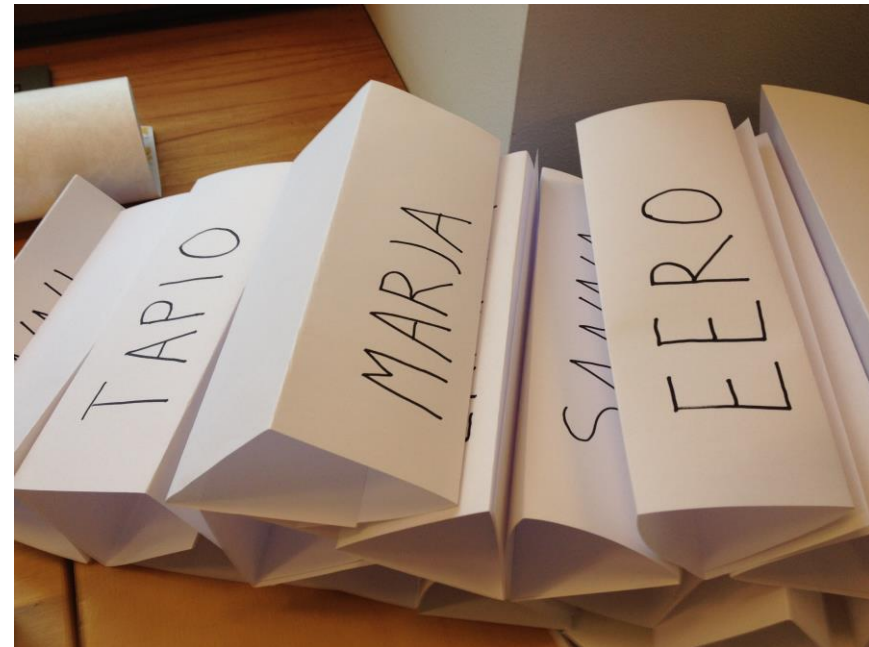
Anna Salomaa



Methods

Data: studying stakeholders

Analysis: qualitative and quantitative



Findings



- Interpretation (ecosystem services and connectivity)
 - politically coloured / alternative definitions -> challenges in implementation
- Different knowledge relevant (voluntary instruments)
 - Integrating: challenging & fruitful & inevitable
- Involvement of stakeholders needs to be combined with an evidence-informed approach
 - Possible interest differences

I Salomaa et al. 2017. **Can green infrastructure help to conserve biodiversity?** Environment and Planning C: Politics and Space 35(2): 265–288.

II Salomaa et al. 2016. **The use of knowledge in evidence-informed voluntary conservation of Finnish forests.** Forest Policy and Economics 73: 90–98.

III Paloniemi et al. 2017. **Integrating Social and Ecological Knowledge for Targeting Voluntary Biodiversity Conservation.** Conservation Letters (published online)

IV Salomaa et al. **Conservation of nature as policy objective and implications of policy instruments to nature in conflicting policy – A case of Finnish peatland conservation** (under review)