

## Note on an eigenvalue problem

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During the first few minutes of my talk I plan to discuss my memories of Seppo and his work. After that we indicate what is known about  $p$ -harmonic functions  $v > 0$  of the form

$$v(x) = v(r, \theta) = r^\lambda f(\theta), \quad \lambda > 0,$$

in  $K$  when either  $K$  is Euclidean  $n$ -space or a cone, in which case we also assume  $v \equiv 0$  on  $\partial K \setminus \{0\}$ . Here  $x = (x_1, \dots, x_n)$  and  $r = |x|$ ,  $x_1 = r \cos \theta$ ,  $0 \leq \theta \leq \pi$ . If  $K(\alpha) = \{(r, \theta) : 0 < \theta < \alpha\}$ ,  $\alpha \in (0, \pi]$ , we then survey what is known about the relationship between  $\alpha, \lambda$ , for a fixed  $p > 1$ , and our attempts to solve a related eigenvalue problem for a nonlinear first order differential equation when  $\alpha = \pi$  and  $p > n - 1$ . Next we sketch a finess type argument which shows for  $\alpha = \pi$  and  $n > p > n - 1$  that  $\lambda = 1 - (n - 1)/p$ . Time permitting we also discuss generalizations and applications of this result.

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